Paper / Subject Code: 23113 / Business Economics V

10N 202

Marks

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3.

- 1. All questions are compulsory
- 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3. Draw a neat diagram wherever necessary.

Q1 A. Choose the correct answer and rewrite the statement (Any Ten)

Capital adequacy norms help to

- Increase bank's profits a.
- b. Maintain financial stability
- c, Control inflation
- d. Reduce balance of payments deficit
- intain financial stability ntrol inflation luce balance of payments deficit is responsible for coordinating the Sustainable development goals in India.
- a. Planning Commission.
- b. Home ministry
- c. NITI Aayog
- d. Ministry of Finance
- Which of the following is not one of the benefits of FDI?
 - a. Culture of consumerism
 - b. Infrastructural development
 - Transfer of technology . C.
 - d. Sectoral development
- The average agricultural growth rate since 2000
 - a. Less than 4%
 - b. 4%
 - 5% 3 . °с.
 - Above 5% d.
- 5. Fair price shops protect the interest o 5. Shirts the shirts t
 - a, Land lords
 - b. consumers
 - traders C.

 - Major part of the agricultural credit is supplied a. Money lenders

 - Comraerciai banks Ъ.
 - Co-operative banks · Linner
 - Landlords 5

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Are Parts

- Industrialisation doesn't involves
 - Technological innovation a.
 - Social changes
 - The relative decline of agriculture's share in the GDP
 - Green Revolution ď.
- Only financial institutions can participate in -
 - Initial Public Offering
 - b. Gffer for Sale
 - Further Public Offering
 - Strategic Sale ିd.
- Which of the following activities do not belong to the services sector in India? and the second s

And the second s

The second

- Retail trade a.
- b. Real estate
- Insurance C.
- . d. Automobile
- 10. Financial inclusion aims at providing financial services to
 - a. Industrialists
 - b Poor people
 - Foreign investors œ.
 - Indian investors abroad
- 11 Which of the following is a part of the organised sector of Indian money market
 - a. Indigenous bankers
 - Loan companies Ъ:
 - Call money market
 - Money lenders d.
- 12. The primary market does not include
 - a. Equity issues
 - GDR issues
 - Screen based trading
 - d. Debt issues
- Q1 B. State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE, (Any 10)
 - The macro-Conomic stabilization aimed at demand management 1.
 - Social infrastructure has positive externalities.
 - 3. Make in India has succeeded in achieving all its objectives.
 - Issue price is lower than procurement price.
 - 5. Finance from traditional sources is easy to access.
 - A good and efficient marketing system is a must for agricultural progres 6.
 - MSMEs are, by and large, labour intensive. 7.
 - Toxic waste cause pollution.
 - Tourism encourages the growth of other sectors
 - 10. In the initial stage of development of an economy, the services sector dominates.
 - 11. FDI is not permitted in the insurance sector in India.
 - 12. Capital market is a market for lending and borrowing short-term funds

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- Answer any two of the following:
 - A., Explain the rationale of new economic policy 1991.
- a Loberton and a lobe B. Define social infrastructure. Discuss the role of social infrastructure in promoting inclusive 1500 A Z growth in India
 - C. Explain the benefits of EDI to the host country.
- Answer any two of the following: Q3.
 - A. Explain the implications of National Agricultural Policy 2000.
 - B. Discuss the government measures to stabilize agricultural prices.
 - C. Explain the problems existing in Indian agricultural marketing.
- Q4. Answer any two of the following:
 - A. Critically evaluate the progress made in the disinvestment process in India.
- A STATE OF THE STA B. Discuss the recent policies and measures taken by the government for the development of the MSME sector ŝ MSME sector.

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- C. What are the problems faced by the Indian healthcare industry? Discuss. Je Sector to the sector of the e
 - Answer any two of the following:
- QS: A. Discuss the challenges faced by the banking sector in India.
 - Explain the objectives and functions of IRDA. B.
 - C Explain reforms introduced in Indian money market
 - Write short notes on any four of the following:
 - Q6. A. Skill India

.U.

ALL CALLER

- biblish B. Non institutional sources of Agricultural finance
- C. Agricultural market- enabling environment
- Address of the second secon Measures to promote tourism industry D.
- M. , marke Limitations of linuian money market
 - a state of the sta WWW.

Paper / Subject Code: 23115 / Direct and Indirect Taxation Paper - I 23-11-2022 T.Y.B. Com Em-V Time : 3 Hours 1. All Questions are compulsory carrying 20 marks each 2. Exercise internal options wherever given 3. Figures to the right represent full marks to the question 4. All questions should be answered w.r.t assessment year 2022-23 5. All workings shall form part of the main answer. 6. Use of simple calculator is allowed Q.1 A : Multiple Choice questions (any ten) 1. Surat Gram Panchayat is a a. Company b. Firm c. Local Authority d. Artificial Juridical Person 2. For a newly set up business, previous year can be a. of 12 months only b. more than 12 months c. 12 months or less than 12 months d. more than 24 months 3. Gratuity for non-government employees is exempt up to a maximum of. b. Rs. 10,00,000 a. Rs. 5,00,000 d. Rs. 20,00,000 c. Rs. 15,00,000 4. Employer Contribution to Recognised Provident Fund (RPF) is allowable upto a maximum o b. 12% of salary a. 10 % of salary d. 9.5% of salary c. 15% of salary 5. In the case of Income under the head "Income from House Property", the Municipal taxes will be allowed as a deduction only if it is paid by b. Tenant a. Owner d, either by owner or tenant c. both owner and tenant equally. 6. Rent from letting out of a open plot of land for marriage, is taxable under the head of b. Income from House Property a. Income from Salary d. Income from Other sources c. Income from Capital gains 7. Depreciation is allowed in case of b. intangible assets only a. Tangible fixed assets only d. Wasting assets c. Tangible and Intangible assets Gift received from a non-relative of Rs. 50000 is b. Non-Taxable a. Taxable c. a Business expenditure d a business receipt 9. Mr. Nichi Spends Rs. 5000 on the medical treatment of his dependent brother, who is physically handicapped to the extent of 65%. The deduction available to Mr. Nishi u/s 80DD will be Rs. b. Rs. 75000 a. Rs. 125000 d. Rs. 150000 c, Rs. 5000 10. Salary of Member of Parliament is taxable under the head b. Income from House Property a. Income from Salary d. Income from other sources c. Income from Capital gains 11. Bonus to employees is taxable in the year of b. Receipt a. Accrual: d. Accrual or receipt, whichever is earlier Accrual or receipt whichever is later Page 1 of 11

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Q.1 B State whether the following statements are True or False (any ten)

- 1. Deduction for Entertainment Allowance is available to all employees.
- 2. Agricultural Income in Nepal is exempt from tax.
- 3. Deduction U/s 80E is available to a Hindu Undivided Family.
- Uncommuted pension received by Government employee after retirement is fully exempt from tax.

(10)

1.4.2.2

- 5. Unlisted Shares held for 18 months is a long term capital asset
- 6. Municipal tax paid by tenant is allowed as deduction for deemed to be let out property.
- 7. Cost inflation index is applicable for transfer expenses incurred on transfer of capital assets
- 8. Mediclaim premium paid by cash Rs. 15,000 is allowed as deduction U/s 80D.
- 9. Dividend received from Indian company is fully exempt.
- 10. Income from Sub-letting of house property is taxable under the head of Income from Other Sources.
- 11. Capital gain on transfer of depreciable business assets is always short-term capital gain.
- 12. Thirumalai Devasthanam Temple is an example of Artificial Juridical Person.

Q.2 A:

Mir. Shastry works with M/s XYZ Traders. He gives you the following information for the year ended 31st March, 2022. (20)

Particulars	Rs.
1. Basic salary	8,00,000 per annum
2. Deamess allowance	25% of Basic salary
3. Commission received	1,00,000
4. Bonus	75,000
5. Advance salary received	87,500
6. House rent allowance [Exempt u/s 10(13A) Rs.25,000)]	85,000 per annum
7 Entertainment allowance received	75,000 per annum
8. Medical Allowance	44,000
9. Profession tax deducted from salary	2,500 per annum
Other Information:	
10. Lottery prize received	55,000
11. Interest on term deposit with bank	66,000
12. Received maturity proceeds of Life Insurance policy	85,000
13 Interest on Income Tax refund	10,000
14 Gift from brother	70,000
15. Dividend from mutual fund	22,000
16. He paid contribution to LIC Pension Fund	17,500
17. Expenses incurred on maintenance of his dependent son, who suffering from severe physical disability to the extent of 90%	is 1,00,000

Compute his taxable income for the Assessment year 2022-23.

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OR

Q.2 B : Mr. Kushal is partially blind (55% disability): He gives the following details for previous year 2021-2022.

Particulars		House 1	House 2
Nature		Self Occupied	Let out
Fair Rent		8,00,000	10,00,000
Municipal Valuation	1	10,00,000	12,00,000
Standard rent		10,00,000	12,00,000
Interest on Loan taken for construction of J	property	3,00,000	3,50,000
	· 1		4
Municipal tax paid by tenant		-	10,000
Municipal tax paid by Kushal		12,000	12,000
Rent per month			1,50,000

Other information: Interest received on Saving Bank Account Rs.25,000. Winning from Lottery Net Rs.1,20,000 (TDS Rs.50,000). Dividend from the Tata Ltd Rs.5,000. Compute taxable income of Mr. Kushal for the Assessment year 2022-23.

Q.3 A : Following is the Profit and Loss Account of "Nilkanth Homes" owned by Mr. Prem Vijay, for the year ended 31st March, 2022: (20)

Particulars	RS(_)	Particulars	RS(`_) **
To Salaries	6,60,000	By Gross Profit	14,32,000
(including 3,60,000 Proprietor's salary)		By Refund of Income Tax	18,000
To Profession Tax	2,500	By Bank FDR Interest	18,000
To Loss by Theft	11,200	(Net of TDS of Rs. 2000)	2
To Conveyance Exps.	1,300	By Savings Bank Interest	12,000
To Printing & Stationery	2,500	By NSC Accrued Interest	20,000
To Interest on Capital	30,000		
To Rent	12,000		
To Depreciation on :			
Furniture 10,000	14		
Computers 17.000	27,000		
To Interest on loan for son's Marriage	30.000		
To Personal Drawings	30,000		
2 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
To Net Profit	6,93,500		1
1	1015		
TOTAL	15,00,000	TOTAL	15,00,000

Additional Information :

a. He contributed to Pension Fund Rs. 60000.

b. Depreciation as per Income Tax Rules is Rs. 47000.

c. Loss by theft represent "shop-lifting" by customers.

d. Drawings include Life Insurance Premium for self of Rs. 15000/-

Compute the Taxable Income of Mr. Prem Vijay for the Assessment year 2022-23.

OR

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Paper / Subject Code: 231.15 / Direct and Indirect Taxation Paper - I

Q.3 B: Mr. Quinton Dsouza is the other of "Bakes and Cakes". He provides you the following information for the year ended 31st Marc. 2022. (20)

Particulars	2	Particulars		1	0
To Salaries	2,75,000	By Gross profit		1	12,60,000
To Travelling Expenses	15,000	By Savings Bank Int	erest		12,500
To Advertisement	35,500	By LIC Maturity Pro	ceeds ·		3,00,000
To Interest on Capital	18,000	By LIC Monthly An	nuity	32	21000
To Depreciation	17,500	By Bank FDR Intere	st.		27000
To Bad Debts	12,500		-	+	
To Misc. Expenses	40,000			4	
To Net Profit	12,07,000		1	1.	14
TOTAL	16,20,500	TOTAL		-	16,20,500

Profit and Loss for the ended S1st March, 2022

Following further information has been provided:

a. Depreciation allowed as per Income Tax Rules is Rs. 21,000/-.

- b. Advertisement expenses includes Rs. 25,500/- spent for the advertisement in souvenir of a political party.
- Rs. 10,000/-paid as penalty imposed by Income-tax Officer, has been wrongly included in salaries.

d. Miscellaneous expense include expense of Rs: 9,500 paid in cash for purchase of stationery and Rs.10,000 paid towards life Insurance premium for wife.

e. During the year, he had invested in Public Provident Fund account Rs. 150000

Compute the taxable income of Mr. Quinton Dsouza for the assessment year 2022-23

Q.4 A : Mr Parag Dabke purchased a house property on 20th June 1998 for Rs 19,50,000. He made the following additions/ alterations to the house property.

Cost of construction of 1st floor in the financial year 2011-12 Rs 10,00,000

Cost of construction of 2nd floor in the financial year 2017-18 Rs 4,50,000

He sold the property on 21st January 2022 for Rs. 2,85,50,000 paying brokerage of Rs 2,00,000 He invested Rs1,55,00,000 in a new residential property on 18.3.2022

He invested Rs 65,00,000 in Bonds of Power Finance Corporation Limited (Eligible) on 30th March 2022. The Fair market value of the property on 1.4.2001 was Rs 25,75,000

Relevant Cost Inflation Indices are as follows

	Previous Year		Cost Inflation Index
	2001-02		100
	2011-12		184
	2017-18	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	272
į,	2021-22		317

Compute his Capital Gains for the Assessment Year 2022-23

Q.4 B: Mr. Rishi is a citizen of U.K., came to India for the first time on 1st April, 2017 and started a business in Pune He went back to U.K. ci. 1st May 2021 and came back to India on 22nd January,2022.

Determine his Residential status for the Assessment year 2022-23.

(10)

(10)

OR

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Paper / Subject Code: 23115 / Direct and Indirect Taxation Paper - I

Q.4 C : Mr Padmanabh Sathe purchased a House property on 21st J une 1999 for Rs 29,75,000 and paid Rs. 25000 for it's registration.

He made the following additions/ alterations to the house property Cost of construction of 1st floor in the financial year 2011-12 Rs 7,7'5,000 Cost of construction of 2nd floor in the financial year 2017-18 Rs 3,5 0,000

He sold the property on 21st February 2022 for 1,95,20,000 paying brokes age of Rs 2,50,000

He invested Rs1,05,00,000 in a new residential property on 18.3.2022

He invested Rs 15,00,000 in Bonds of Power Finance Corporation Limited (Eligible) on 30th March 2022. The Fair market value of the property on 1.4.2001 was Rs 32,00,000

Relevant Cost Inflation Indices are as follows

Previous Yea	ar 🔬		Cost Inflation I	ndex
2001-02			100	1
2011-12	+	. ~	184	5.
2017-18	1	2	272	1.
2021-22			317	

Compute his Capital Gains for the Assessment Year 2022-23

Q.4 D : Mr. Surendra has earned the following income during the previous year ended on 31st March, 2022. (10)

(10)

(20)

(.	Particulars		, Rs.
	Rent from house in Pune, received in Japan		6,00,000
	Income from business in Spain, being controlled from India	- T	4,00,000
	Salary earned and received in Bangladesh		3,00,000
	Professional fees received in India	1	2,00,000
	Interest received from State bank of India, in Nagpur		1,00,000
	Past untaxed profit earned outside India, brought to India		1,50,000
	Agriculture Income earned in India received in Sri Lanka	2	1,00,000
8.	Dividend from an American company received in Rome		1,50,000

Compute his total income for the assessment year 2022-23 assuming as follows:

- a) He is Resident and Ordinarily Resident
- b) He is Resident but not Ordinarily Resident

Q.5 A. Explain the provisions of Depreciation u/s 32 and the concept of Block of Assets as per the Income tax Act (10)

Q.5 B. Explain 'Perquisites' u/s 17(3) of the Income Tax Act 1961 and state any eight items of Tax-free perquisites. (10)

OR

Q.5 C: Write Short Notes (Any 4)

- a) Taxability of Gift from Relatives under Income Tax Act, 1961.
- b) Annual Value of a Property
- c) Deduction for Interest on Housing Loan under Income tax Act
- d) Commutation of Pension
 - e) Explain the term "Person" and "assessment year"
- f) Deduction u/s 80U of Income Tax Act

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J.Y.B.Com

Nov 2022

Paper / Subject Code: 23107 / Financial Accounting and Auditing VIII - Cost Accounting

Note:

Time:3 Hrs

Marks 100

- All Questions are compulsory.
 - Figures to the right indicate full marks allotted to the questions.
 - Working Notes wherever necessary should form a part of your answer.
 - Calculate figures up to the two decimal points wherever required.
- Q1 a) Select the most appropriate option and rewrite the full sentence (Any Ten) (10Marks)
 - 1) Royalty on production is _
 - (a) Fixed cost
 - (b) Semi-Variable cost
 - (c) variab්ද cost
 - (d)Semi-Fixea Cost
 - = Direct Material+ Direct labour+ Direct expenses.
 - (a) Prime cost
 - (b) administration cost
 - (c) selling cost
 - (d) Overhead
 - At ______ new order for material is placed.
 - (a) Maximum level
 - (b) Minimum level
 - (c) danger level 🖓
 - (d)Reorder level
 - 4) is the maximum of stock which can be held in stock at any time during the year.
 - (a) maximum level
 - (b)minimum level
 - (c) reorder level
 - (d)danger level
 - i) Labour Turnover is
 - (a) Productivity of Labour
 - (b) Efficiency of the Labour
 - (c) Change in Labour Force
 - (d) Total Cost of the Labour.
 -) Bonus under Halsey plan is paid at ____
 - (a) 50% of time saved
 - (b) 75% of time saved 👘
 - (c) 80% of time saved
 - (d) 90% of time saved
 - Tea & Lunch break is
 - (a) Overtime
 - (b) Normal idle time

When the amount of overhead absorbed is less than the amount of overhead incurred, it is called ______

(a) under absorption of overhead

(b) over absorption of overhead

(c) proper absorption of overhead

(d) lower absorption of overhead

Indirect Cost_

(a) Can Be traced to a particular cost object

(b) Cannot Be traced to a particular cost object

(c) Are not important

(d) Are always variable cost.

- 10) The process of charging the traceable overheads to cost centre is called as
 - (a) overheads allocation
 - (b) overheads charging
 - (c) overheads allotment
 - (d) overheads apportionment

11) Costs which are incurred on the basis of time and are charged to the period in which they are incurred are called as _____

(a) Fixed Costs

(b) Variable Costs

(c) Normal Cost

(d) Abnormal Cost.

12) Selling & Distribution Overheads does not include_

(a) Director's Fees

- (b) Carriage on Sales
- (c) Rent of Warehouse

(d) Advertisement

Q1 (b) State whether the Following Statements are True or False (Any 10).

1. Office rent is Prime cost

2. Administration Cost is not included in cost of Work in Progress.

Variable cost is the cost which does not vary with the changes in the volume of activity in the short run

(10 Marks)

- 4. Re-order level is calculated as Maximum level Minimum level
- Under the weighted average method, a new issue price is determined after each purchase
- 6. Materials are issued from one process to another, on the basis of Goods Received Note

7. Reconciliation of Cost and Financial Accounts is necessary in case of non-

integrated system of accounts.

8. Profit on sale of investment is considered in cost accounts

9. Transit Insurance relates to Value of Goods In Transit

10. Preliminary expenses written off appears only in financial accounts.

Q2. a) The following information is available from the books of MK Ltd. for the

year 2020 and 2021.			9 Mari
Particulars	2020	2021	1 -3
Stock Turnover Ratio	4 Times		
Opening Stock Rs.	40,000	30,000	-
Closing Stock Rs.	80,000	50,000	14 C
Purchases Rs.	?	3,40,000	_

From the above information find out

- 1. Purchases and Cost of Goods sold for the year 2020.
- 2. Stock Turnover Ratio and Cost of Goods sold for the year 2021.

Q2. b) Vosco Ltd. has collected the following data for one of its material X which is as follows: (10 Marks)

- Annual demand 48,000 units. Cost per item Rs. 20.
- Interest of the locked-up capital 3%, pilferage while holding inventory 2%, other holding cost 5%,
- Order processing cost Rs. 120 for each order
- 1. What should be the EOQ?
- 2. Calculate the Number of orders to be placed in a year.
- 3. Calculate the Total Annual Ordering Cost
- 4. Calculate the Total Annual Carrying Cost
- 5. Calculate the Total annual Material Cost

Or

Q2) Trading and Profit and Loss Accounts of X Ltd. for the year ended

31 st March 2021.	. · ·		(20 mark
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
To Materials Consumed	3,50,000	By Sales (12,500 units)	18,75,000
To Direct Wages	2,25,000		1 1
To Factory Overheads	3,00,000		- *
To Gross Profit c/d	10,00,000		
e #1	18,75,000		18,75,000
To Office Rent	75,000	By Gross Profit b/d	10,00,000
To General Expenses	75,000	By Dividend Received	13,500
To Management expenses	62,500	By Interest on	6,500
4 4 8	4.2	Investment	
To Advertisement	1,25,000	8 4 4	
To Salesmen Commission	1,50,000	2	
To Goodwill w/off	22,500	6°3 (j.	1 to 1
To Interest on Loan	14,500		. N. I
To Net Profit c/d	4,95,500		
	10,20,000		10,20,000

For the year ending 31" March 2022 following estimates have been made:

3. Direct wages per unit will increase by 40%.

4. Of the factory overheads Rs 1,50,000 are Fixed and would remain same. And variable Overhead Per unit would also remain same as in 2020-21

5. Total office and administrative overheads would be Rs. 2,80,000

- 6. Selling and Distribution overheads per unit will remain same.
- 7. Selling price per unit would rise by 10%.

You are required to prepare:

- (1) Cost Sheet for the year ended 31st March 2021 showing cost per unit and total cost and
 - 2) Estimated cost sheet for the year ending 31st March 2022 showing cost per unit and total cost

Q.3 The company has Three production departments X, Y and Z and Two service (20 Marks) departments S-1 and S-2.

1.1	-	1-	Particulars:				Rs.
Staff Ca	anteen E	penses	1	11	2.45	41	5,40,000
Insuran	ice on Ma	chinery	2	1		-	7,68,000
Insuran	ice on Bu	ildings		N	1 (A)		7,04,000
	elfare Ex	_		S			10,80,000
Power			1				5,28,000
Rent an	d Rates			. #		-	2;56,000
Depreci	ation on	Machine	ery	20	5 5	1	7,20,000
Building	Repairs	<u>ب</u>	6	5 3		1	1,65,000
General	expense	es(prop	ortionate to dir	ect Wages)	3	-	5,00,000

Other technical details about departments are as under:

X	Y	Z	્ર S -1	S-2
10	1- 0.0			
10	20	30	10	. 10
10	15	15	5	5.
30	20.	25	15	10
5	·2	1	1	1
, 20	25	.(.25	, 15	\$ 15
	30 5	30 20 5 2 20 25	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30 20 25 15 5 2 1 1 20 25 25 15

Show Primary Distribution of Overhead Expenses.

Q.3 (a) A worker produced 200 units in a week's time. Working Hours in a week are 45

10 Mar

- The guaranteed weekly wage payment is Rs.81.
- The expected time to produce one unit is 18 minutes
- What will be the earnings of that worker under Halsey (50% sharing
 - premium plan. and Rowan bonus schemes?

Q.3 (b) A machine costs Rs.12,00,000 and is deemed to have a scrap value of 10% at the end of its effective life (12 years). (10 Marks)

Ordinarily the machine is expected to run for 1,800 hours per year, but it is estimated that 200 hours of the time will be lost for normal repairs and maintenance. Other details in respect of machine shop are as under:

Details	Rs.
Annual wages, bonus, and provident fund contribution of operators for the Shop	1,60,000
Rent of shop per year	1,20,000
General lighting of the shop per month	6,000
Insurance premium for one machine per annum	28,000
Shop Supervisor's monthly remuneration	15,000
Cost of repairs and maintenance per machine	24,000
Power consumption of one machine per hour 10 units @ Rs. 5 per	unit

There are Two identical machines in the shop. Compute the machine hour rate from the above details.

Q.4 (a) The Net Profit of Satish Limited for the year ended 31st March 2022 as per financial Records was Rs 5,00,000. (10 marks) A scrutiny of the figures of the financial accounts and the cost accounts revealed the following facts.

Sr. No	Particulars	Rs
1	Administrative overheads under recovered in cost accounts	14,000
2	Over recovery of depreciation in financial accounts	30,000
3	Loss due to fire as per financial accounts	20,000
4	Abnormal wages charged in financial accounts	1,00,000
5	Income Tax provision as per financial records	2,00,000
6	Loss due to depreciation in stock values charged in financial records	40,000
7 🗧	Factory overheads over recovered in cost accounts	30,000
8	Interest on Investment credited in financial account	20,000
9	Bank interest credited to financial accounts	5,000

Prepare a Reconciliation statement and find out the profit or loss as per cost records.

Q.4(b) from the following particulars, prepare stock record by FIFO Method

2

(10 Marks)-

Date	Transaction	Units	Rate Rs
4-1-2014	Purchase	40	30
17-1-2014	Purchase	60	28
20-1-2014	Sale	50	35

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22-1-2014	Purchase	80	29
25-1-2014	Sale	80	33
28-1-2014	Sale	20	34
30-1-2014	Purchase	100	26
31-1-2014	Sale	90	35
The stock on han	d on 1st January 2014 wa	as 50 units @ Rs. 25	each.

OR

Q.4 Calculate the earnings of Workers A, B and C for the particular month. Also Calculate Labour Cost of Worker A, B, C and allocate the labour cost to each Job

0	sc to each Job				· · ·		(20	J mark
Sr. No		Part	iculars	= C		A	B	С
1	Basic Wages	(Rs.)	<u> </u>			200	300	400
2	Dearness Allo	wance		1	·**	50%	50%	50%
	ution to provid ee (8% of Bas			mploye	r as well a	is that o	f the	
	ution to ESI Of nd D.A.)	f the Emp	oloyer as	well as	that of the	e emplo	yee (2%	o of
The thr proport	ee workers we ions	re employ	yed on jo	obis X, Y,	and Z in	the follo	owing	10.20
\$2.							-	2
Sr. No	Particulars	- 5	•		- 1 ²	Job X	Job Y	Job Z
1	Worker, A		4			20%	30%	50%
, 2	Worker B	0		10 ⁻¹		40%	20%	40%
3	Worker C		-			60%	10%	30%
1	100	~	-3	e			3	

Q5 A. Distinguish between Financial Accounting and Cost Accounting? (10 Marks) Q5 B. State the features of Halsey and Rowan method of payment of remuneration?

(10 Marks)

OR Q5 Write Short Notes (Any Four out of Six)

(20 Marks)

- 1) Causes of Labour Turnover
- 2) Material Turnover Ratio
- 3) Gantt Task Bonus Plan
- 4) Direct Cost
- 5) Selling and Distribution Overhead
- 6) Allocation Of Overhead and Apportionment of Overhead

Page 6 of 12

	Par	တြးမှ per / Subject Code: 23101 / Financial Acco	B. Com Nov 2022	Sec. at
m-	V		ounting and Auditing VII - Financial	Accounting
[11] -		TII 1. Figures to the right indicate full mark 2. Working notes to form a part of your	ME: 3 HOURS s. answer.	MARKS: 100
	Q.1 A 1) Inte) Select the appropriate answer from the ferest Accrued but not due on bank loan appea a) Trade Payables b) Short Term Borrowings	Collowing. [Any 10] ars in Balance Sheet under the head of c) Other Current Liabilities d) Short Term Provisions	(10)
	2) Arr	ears of Preference dividend is not paid in the a) Debited in Capital Reduction Account b) Credited in Capital Reduction Account	c) No entry appears	l Account
		estment Accounting is governed by a) AS 13 b) AS 11	c) AS 14 d) AS 2	
l		y back of shares results in a) Reduction of Share Capital b) Increase in Share Capital	c) Increase in Goodwill d) Increase in General Reserve	
l	5) One	e of the following is not regarding the Interna a) No Formation of a New Company b) Reduction of Liability	al Reconstruction c) Reduction of Capital d) Liquidation of Company	
l	6) Wh	istle Blowing is a) Whistle for Traffic clear b) An act of involving in illegal Activities	c) Not Reporting illegal activities d) An act of reporting illegal Activitie	es
l	7) CSI	R stands for a) Co Operative Social Responsibility b) Corporate Social Responsibility	c) Common Service Responsibility d) Corporate Service Reporting	
•	8) Cor	by Rights is shown in Company Balance She a) Other Non Current Assets b) Intangible Assets	et under the head of c) Inventories d) Current Investments.	
l	9) One	e of the following is not a fixed income inve a) Debentures b) Equity Shares	stment c) State Government Bonds d) Central Government Bonds	
l	10) Oi	ne of the following is not the sources of buy a) Capital Redemption Reserve b) Capital Reserve	back of shares c) Profit and Loss Account d) Statutory Reserve	
l	11) E	x interest price and Cum interest price are th a) Goodwill b) Equity Shares	ne prices relating to c) Preference Shares d) Debentures	
l	12) O	one of the following is not the ethics of Profe a) Accuracy b) Accountability	essional Accountant c) Values d) Frauds	
			640	

.

b) wraten the following items from table A a	nd B (Any 10) (10)
Column A	Column B
1. Balance in Capital Reduction Account	a) Added to the cost of investment
2. Goodwill written off	b) Increase in number of shares
3. Partly paid Equity Shares	c) Set of Standards and Principles
4. Wages and Bonus	d) Premium on buy back of shares written off
5. Loose tools	e) Excluding interest
6. Pre-Acquisition dividend	f) Transferred to Capital Reserve Account
7. Post-Acquisition Dividend	g) Cannot be bought back
8. General Reserve	h) Employees Benefit Expenses
9. Security Premium	i) Inventories
10. Code of ethics	j) Revenue Receipts
11. Sub division of Shares	k) Debited to Capital Reduction Account
12. Ex Interest price	1) Free Reserve
	m) Transferred to General Reserve Account

Q.1 B) Match the following items from table A and B (Any 1

Q.2 Following is the list of balances extracted from books of Canisha Ltd. as on 31st March, 2022.

31 st March, 2022.			(20)
Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Premises	20,00,000	Sales	23,40,000
Stock (1 st April, 2021)	4,50,000	6% Debentures	18,00,000
Furniture	43,200	Surplus A/c (Credit)	87,000
Debentures Interest Paid	54,000	Sundry Creditors	3,00,000
Plant and Machinery	18,00,000	Bills Payable	2,28,000
Interim Dividend Fund	2,25,000	General Reserve	1,50,000
Sundry Debtors	5,02,000	Provision for Doubtful	21,000
Bad Debts	12,660	Debts (On 1 st April, 2021)	
Goodwill	2,03,000	Subscribed and Paid up	24,00,000
		Capital	
Cash and Bank balance	1,09,900	-	
General Expenses	41,010		
Purchases	11,10,000		
Preliminary Expenses	6,000		
Wages	5,09,190		
Advertising	60,000		
Freight Outward	78,690		
Salaries	87,000		
Director's Fees	34,350		
	73,26,000		73,26,000

The following adjustments have to be made:

- 1. Stock on 31st March, 2022 was valued at Rs. 6,00,000.
- 2. Goods to the value of Rs. 15,000 were distributed as free samples during the year. But no entry in this respect has been made.
- 3. Provide for half year's debenture interest.
- 4. The provision for doubtful debts on 31st March should be equal to 1% on sales.
- 5. Director's Fee is outstanding to the extent of Rs. 2,000 and Salaries Rs. 5,000.
- 6. Depreciate Premises by 2%, Plant and Machinery by 5% and write off Rs. 7,200 on Furniture.
- 7. Write off Preliminary expenses.

You are requested to prepare Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 st March, 2022 and the Balances Sheet as at that date.

OR

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Q.2 A) The following is an abstract of Balance Sheet of X Ltd as on 31st March, 2022.

A) The following is an abstract of Balance Sheet of X Ltd as on 3	l st March, 2022. (10)
Liabilities	Amount
1,00,000 Equity Share Capital of Rs. 10 each	10,00,000
4,000 8% Preference Share Capital of Rs. 100 each fully paid	4,00,000
9% Debentures of Rs. 100 each	2,00,000
Creditors	1,00,000
	17,00,000

Note: Preference Dividend is arrears for a year

It was decided to reconstruct the company for which the following scheme was approved by court:

- 1. Equity share capital be reduced to Rs. 6 each fully paid up.
- 2. Preference Shareholders agreed to accept 10% Preference Share Capital amounting to Rs. 3,00,000 and arrears of preference dividend were to be paid off completely.

3. 9% Debentures shall be converted into equal numbers of 12% Debentures of Rs. 75 each.

You are required to:

Pass Journal Entries and prepare Capital Reduction A/c

Q.2 B) Following is the Balance Sheet of Manish ltd. as on 31st March, 2022. Balance Sheet As on 31st March 2022

(10)

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Share Capital (Share of Rs. 10 each)	3,20,000	Fixed Assets	5,60,000
6% Preference Share Capital	80,000	Investments	1,20,000
Security Premium	80,000	Bank balance	6,00,000
Profit and Loss A/c	1,20,000	Other Current	1,20,000
8% Debentures	1,60,000	Assets	
Bills Payables	5,60,000		
Creditors	56,000		
Other Current Liabilities	24,000		
	14,00,000		14,00,000

Keeping in view of all the legal requirements, ascertain the maximum number of equity share, the company can buyback at Rs. 12 per share, being the current market price. Assuming that buyback is actually carried out. Pass necessary journal entries to record the above transactions.

Q.3 Fo	llowing is the summerised Balance	e Sheet of Aka	insha Ltd. as on 31 st March 202	2 (20)
	Liabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs
	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each		Goodwill	1,50,000
	fully paid	5,00,000	Building	3,00,000
	8% Cumulative Preference		Equipments	1,30,000
	shares of Rs.10 each fully paid	4,00,000	Investments	60,000
	7% Debentures of Rs. 100 each	2,50,000	Inventories	2,25,000
	Creditors	2,10,000	Debtors	1,60,000
	Loan from directors	30,000	Cash & Bank	50,000
			Profit and Loss Account	3,15,000
-		13,90,000		13,90,000

There is contingent liability of Rs. 10,000.

Following scheme of Internal Reconstruction was approved by the Court:

- 1. 8% Preference Shares to be reduced by Rs.4 per share and final call was made immediately to make it fully paid of Rs.10.
- 2. Equity shares to be reduced by Rs. 6 per share. Face value being the same.

Page 3 of 12

- 3. The Debenture holders agreed to forego their claim by 20% and to accept 8% Preference Shares of Rs.10 each for the remaining.
- 4. Contingent liability was settled at Rs. 5,000.
- 5. Investments were sold for Rs.50,000.
- 6. Loan from directors was settled at 50%.
- 7. Tangible Fixed assets be revalued as under: Building at Rs.3,20,000 ; Equipments at Rs.1,20,000.
- 8. Accumulated loss and Intangible assets to be written off.

Pass Journal Entries (without narration) and prepare Capital Reduction A/c and Notes on Share capital in the books of Akansha Ltd. after Reconstruction.

OR

Q.3 A) From the following information of Mahesh Ltd. prepare the Statement of Profit and Loss of the Company for the year ended 31st March 2022 as per the provisions of the Companies Act 2013.

Particulars	Rs.	1
Sales		
	20,50,000	
Interest Received on Fixed Deposits	2,00,000	
Cost of Materials Consumed	5,00,000	
Opening Stock of Finished Goods	2,00,000	
Closing Stock of Finished Goods	1,00,000	
Salaries and Wages	1,20,000	
Staff Welfare Expenses	30,000]
Interest on Debentures	50,000	Ì
Interest on Loan from SBI	30,000	
Depreciation on Machinery	30,000	
Depreciation on Office Furniture	20,000	
General Expenses	5,000	
Electricity Charges	12,000	
Salesman Commission	15,000	
Discount Allowed	5,000	ļ
Carriage Outward	6,000	
Sales Return	50,000	
Repairs and Maintenance	25,000	
Insurance	20,000	
Rent	24,000	ļ
Audit Fees	25,000	
Advertisement Expenses	30,000	
Provision for Income Tax	2,53,000	

Q.3 B) On 1st April 2021, Mansi had 8,000 Equity shares of Precious Ltd. at a book value of Rs. 15 per share (Face value Rs.10 each). She provides you the further information:

- i. On 10th April 2021 she purchased another 4,000 Equity Shares of Precious Ltd. at Rs. 16 per share.
 - ii. On 31st August, 2021 the Directors of Precious Ltd. announced a right issue which entitled the holders to subscribe three shares for every twelve shares held at Rs. 15 per share. Shareholders can transfer their right in full or in part. Mansi sold 1/6th of entitlement to Ajay for a consideration of Rs. 2 per share and subscribe the rest on 5th September, 2021.

(10)

iii. Dividend for the year ended 31st March, 2021 was declared @20% by Precious Ltd. and received by Mansi on 30th September, 2021.

You are required to prepare Investment in Equity Shares of Precious Ltd A/c in the books of Mansi for the year ending 31st March, 2022. (Apply AS-13)

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Q.4 On 1st June, 2021 Mr. Abhay Kumar purchased Nominal Value Rs. 1,00,000, of 6% (20) Government Bonds (interest payable on 1st April, 1st July, 1st October and 1st January) at Rs.91 cum-interest each (face value Rs 100.)

On 1st November, Rs. 20,000 Bonds are sold at Rs. 93 cum-interest per bond. On 1st December Rs. 10,000 Bonds are sold at Rs. 100 ex-interest per bond. On 31st March 2022, the market price per Government Bond was R₃. 80.

Prepare Investment in 6% Government Bonds Account in the books of Mr. Abhay Kumar for the year ended on 31st March, 2022. (Apply AS-13)

OR

Q.4 Following is the Balance Sheet of Vasant Ltd. as on 31st March 2022.

(20)

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Equity Share capital (Shares of Rs. 100 each)	50,00,000	Fixed Assets	80,00,000
Securities Premium	10,00,000	Investments	30,00,000
General Reserve	22,00,000	Debtors	15,00,000
Profit and Loss A/c	28,00,000	Stock	25,00,000
8% Debentures	40,00,000	Bank balance	40,00,000
Creditors	30,00,000		
Bills Payables	10,00,000		
	1,90,00,000		1,90,00,000

Keeping in view all the legal requirements ascertain:

1. The maximum number of equity shares that Vasant Ltd. can buy back.

2. The maximum price it can offer.

Pass journal entries and prepare its Balance Sheet thereafter. Show necessary notes.

Q5) a) Discuss and explain the concept of Ethics with reference to Corporate Ethics. (10)
 b) Distinguish between Internal Reconstruction and External reconstruction. (10)

OR

Q5) Write Short Notes (Any Four) (20) 1) Methods of Internal Reconstruction

- 2) Disclosure of Reserves & Surplus in Company Balance Sheet
- 3) Maximum Limits of Buyback
- 4) Ex-Interest & Cum-Interest Price
- 5) CSR

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Paper / Subject Code: 23103 / Commerce Paper - I

TY. B. Com SEM-I 18-11-2022

[Time: 3 Hours]

[Marks:100]

10

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Please check whether you have got the right question paper. N.B:

- All questions are compulsory. 1.
 - 2. Figures to the right indicate marks of the respective questions.
- Motoh the

Emi

	Group 'A'		Group 'B'
(i)	Insurance	(a)	No Need of Road
(ii)	Advance Booking of Cinema	(b)	To get pleasure
(iii)	Water Transport	(c)	Tourism Development
(iv)	Study Tour	(d)	Hospitality
(v)	Pulse Polio Campaign	(e)	Rural Tourism
(vi)	Internet	(f)	Definate Entry
(vii)	Resorts	(g)	Personal Service
(viii)	Receptionists	(h)	Parking Facility
(ix)	Air Transport	(i)	Official service
(x)	Motels	(1)	Perishable service
		(m)	Costly but fast service
		(n)	Govt. Service

Answer in one sentence :- (Any ten) (b)

- i. Give two examples of 'Non-perishable services'.
- Enumerate two limitations of 'Air Transport'. ii.
- iii. Give two examples of 'Tourism Product'.
- What do you mean by 'ITDC'? iv.
- State two objectives of 'Health Tourism'. ٧.
- Explain two difficulties in 'Hotel Industry'. vi.
- Suggest two remedies to develop the 'Health Care Industry. vii.
- State two facilities which are provided by 'Five Star Hotels, viii.
- State two career opportunities in 'Tourism Industry'. ix.
- Explain two difficulties in 'Rural Hospitals'. х.
- Suggest two remedies for develop the 'Agriculture Tourism'. xi.
- State two advantages of 'Organ Donation'. (Avayavdam) xii.
- Answer any one of the following :-

(a)	"Service industry create economic development of a country". Comment.	
(b)	Describe in brief the various types of service industry.	

OR

"Service industry is a source of self employment opportunities". Comment. (a)

- Enumerate the concept 'Technology and its impact on Service Industry'. (b)
- Answer any one of the following :-
 - "Tourism industry has bright future in Maharashtra". Explain. (a)
 - Write detailed note on 'Reception Counter'. (b)
 - OR What are the difficulties faced by the Hotel Industry in India? (a)
 - Write detailed note on 'Five Star Hotels'. (b)

)P Code : 73496

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Paper / Subject Code: 23103 / Commerce Paper - I

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3	0.1 0.1	S 3 .	St. St.	Star Star	1	
	iswer any one of the fol		1. 18		. Ca	
(3) "Railway transport	is cheaper and convenie	ent transport facility	for goods and	08	S
	passengers". Explain		2	5	2 2	
() State the disadvantag	ges of 'Road Transport'.	3 5	5 3	07	
21		OR		2 1	the second	
-) Write detailed note of		1 5 5	25-	08	
() Explain the limitatio	ns of 'Water Transport'.	1 St.	1	07	
A	nswer any one of the fol	lowing :-		31 3	1	
. (features of 'health care :	services'.	1. 53	08	
1.1		on 'Family Planning Prog		S. 18	07	
1	0 0	OR	- 19 S	×	10.	
(yed by corporate sector t		e of the masses.	08	3
Ì) Suggest remedies to	improve the hospitals in	rural area in India.	12	07	21
2	3. 3	13	St. P.	Si 55'	~	
F	nswer any one of the fo	llowing :-	8 A	S IF	in least	
() Explain the characte	ristics of 'service industr	ry'.	2	10	
() Describe in brief the	'National Health Policy	' of the Govt. of Ind	ia.	10	-
	5 6 8	OR	A C	15° 1	30 J	9
2	Write short notes on	any four of the following	ng :-	3 3	20	
S	a) Health care a	at individual level	5	0 8	15	
2	b) Tourist Prod	uct	E . A	50. 35	3	
	c) Tourist Guid			3-	19	
	d) Recent chan	ges in Technical services	5		S. C	S.
2	e) Marketing of		2	E is	14 A.	č.,
in the	f) Recent Tren	ds in Health Care Industr	ry.	2 N	5	
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QP Code : 73496

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Paper / Subject Code: 23116 / Export Marketing Paper - I 3EM-V J.Y.B. Coro Nov 2022 (3 Hours) [Marks: 100 Instructions :- (1) All questions are compulsory having internal options. (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. Q:1 A) Choose the correct answer from the options given below (Any 10) 10 1) Export or Perish is a slogan given by ______ for India. Ptd. Jawaharlal Nehru b) Mahatma Gandhi J. Naheria Indira Gandhi c) d) Sardar Patel 2) The exporters face ______ risk due to insolvency of buyers. **a**) IP b) Cargo c) · Commercial d) Political 3) Agricultural goods are part of India's exports. Morchandise Merchandise a) b) Consultancy c) Software d) Transportation Embargo 4) A complete ban on imports from a certain country is called _ b) Embargo Courtyard ...∈ a) Nation restricts · c) d) Quota GATS agreement was signed to open up the sector. Service Transportation b) Manufacturing a) Services c) d) Merchandise 6) India is a member of SAARC NAFTA b) ASEAN **a**) c) SAARC **d**) EU Industrial clusters are given recognition as in order to maximize their export potential a) . Towns of Excellence b) Trade for Excellence Town of Erecto. Industry for Excellence d) Entry for Excellence **c**) ____are transactions in which goods supplied do not leave country 81 Dermed b) Dumped exports Deemed exports a) d) Cancelled exports Potential exports **c**) are allowed to self-certify their manufactured goods as originating from India 9) States holden b) All exporters a) Medium exporter d) Status Holders Micro exporters **c**) 10) The headquarter of IIP is in _____ of packaging Mumb b) Mumbai New Delhi a) d^{*}Chennai Kolkata c) 11) ASIDE included Critical _____ Balancing Scherne for export development. d) Infrastructure Infoustructure 107699B3 DEPB b) Zones Parks á) Star house c) 10376 Page 1 of 5 F8D6B599097249FCBFF96768607699B3 7-127812

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12)		consists of

- a) DBK
- c) MIA

b) DEPB PC

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15

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Q:1 B) State whether following statements are True or False (Any 10)

1) Compared to domestic marketing, export marketing involves higher risk.

- 2) Saturation of domestic market and recession influence export business.
- 3) India does not export to Asian countries at all.
- 4) Trade barriers help free movement of goods and services at the glo bal level.
- 5) GATT was replaced by IMF in 1995.
- 6) AOA agreement treats foreign investment at par with domestic investment.
- 7) Foreign Trade policy 2015-20 gives boost to 'Make in India' of Gov ernment of India
- 8) Goods purchased under deemed exports can be used for export purpose and not for domestic sales
- 9) Special Economic Zones provides value addition to basic agricultural produce.
- 10) FIEO acts as apex body of manufacturing organisations.
- 11) MAI Allows infrastructure subsidy.
- 12) Under GST regime exports would be considered as Zero-rated supply.

Q:2 Answer any two of the following:

- a) Define Export Marketing. Explain the features of Export Marketing.
- b) Discuss the problems faced by India's export sector.
- c) Explain the India's services exports since 2015.

:3 Answer any two of the following:

- a) What are trade barriers? Explain the Non-tariff barriers in export trade.
- b) Discuss the positive impact of regional economic groupings on international trade.
- c) Explain the steps involved in market selection process.

Q:4 Answer any two of the following:

- a) What are the highlights of India's Foreign Trade Policy 2015-20?
- (b) Illustrate the role of Directorate General of Foreign Trade in India's export trade.
 - c) Discuss the benefits available to Status Holders.

Q:5 Answer any two of the following:

- a) What is MDA? Explain its features.
- b) Elucidate the role of EPCG in export marketing.
- c) Describe ITPO as important organisation in Indian export.

Q:6 Write Short Notes on (Any 4)

- a) Benefit of export marketing to the nation
- b) Domestic marketing v/s Export marketing
- c) SAARC
- d) TRIPs Agreement
- e) Negative List of Exports
- f) IRMAC

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Page 2 of 5 F8D6B599097249FCBFF96768607699B3

SEM-V T.Y. B. COM

Max Marks: 75

Nov 2

	Note	: All	questions are compulsory
	Q 1	A	Attempt any Two sub questions from a),b) & c) in MS-Excel
			(True or False)
		A	
		b	
		c	
		-	- or j restante meet of gate of the offer
		В	Attempt any Two sub questions from d), e) and f) in My SQL 2
		2	(Multiple Choice)
		d	
		e	1) Alter 2) Update 3) Set 4) Create To save the transaction we use
		c	
		ſ	1) Commit 2) Rollback 3) Select 4) Cancel A data base contains one or more
		1	
		~	1) Rows 2) Tables 3) Columns 4) Databases
		С	Attempt any Six sub questions from g),h),i),j),k),l),m),n), and o) in Data 6
			Communication , Networking and Internet
			(True or False)
		g	HTTP is a protocol on the internet
		.	A bus topology uses a single cable
		5 I.	A fiber optic cable carries data using Electric current
		j	MAN is spread over many countries
		· K	Google.com is a search engine
	2.1	,	Failure of a node bring down the entire network in a star topology
		ίΩ	
3		n	A cyber crime means cheating through computer or internet
15		0	An email address can contains 7 layers
	1		
3.0		D .	Attempt any Five sub questions from p),q),r),s),t),l),u),v), and w) in Data 5
	3.4		Communication, Networking and Internet
ь,	-		(Multiple Choice)
		J P	Each web page has a unique address called a
1.4 *	1	j.	a) Bridges b) URL c) Email d) None of these
15	0	· q	is used to create Web pages
-	1.4.4	1	a) HTTP b) HTML c) SMTP d) FTP
	1.5	÷.	A hyperlink can appear as
15	-	4 / A A	a) Only Text b) Only Images c) Code d) Both text and
12	3	-	Images
	- 2	S	The fastest transmission media is
	1.5		a) Twisted pair b) Fiber Optics c) Co-axial d) Wireless
	1.2	. t .	The exchange of information between computers is governed by a set of rules called
	1		a) Media b) Protocol c) Channel d) Sender
	.:	u	Ajoins multiple computers together to form a single network
	-	1	a) Bridge b) Switch c) Hub d) Router
1.1		v	Intopology all nodes are connected directly to the central system
- ÷	, sie	, i	a) Bus b) Ring c) Star d) Mesh
r.)			A place on the web page that signals a connection to another webpage is called
		2	a) Protocol b) Blog c) Link d) Google
14.3	-	÷	

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12647

Paper / Subject Code: 23120 / Computer systems & Applications Paper -I

02

B

B

Attempt any one sub questions from a) & b) in Data Communication, Networking and Internet

- Explain briefly the topologies Star and Ring used in networking.
- b Write short notes on i) LAN ii) WAN

Attempt any one sub questions from c) & d) in Data Communication, Networking and Internet

- c What is OSI model? Explain the three layer of OSI model.
- d What is hacking and explain any three types of hackers
- Answer any one sub question from a) and b) in My SQL

Write MySQL statement to create a table called sales_details having the columns Customer id(Cid, integer, Primary key, Not Null), Name (CName character with variable width 30 columns), order no (OrderNo Integer), Item name(Item name

- variable width 30 columns), order no (OrderNo Integer), Item name(Item_name character 20), quantity ordered(Qty_order Integer), unit price(Unit_price Integer), date of order(DOA date).
- Write MySQL statement to create a table called STUDENTS Columns in the table: Admission number (Adm no Integer Primary key), first name
- **b**₁. (Fname character(15), Last name (Lname character(15)), Date of birth(Dob date), marks in HSC(Hsc_Marks Integer), gender (Gender Enum), Admission no. should be automatically generated every time you enter a record
 - Answer any one sub question from c) and d) in My SQL
 - There exists a table called Student containing the columns Roll Number (RNO, integer, Primary Key), Name (NAME, character variable width 20), Date of birth (DOB, Date), Gender (GENDER, character width 1) and Division (DIVISION, character variable width 4):

Write MySQL statements for the following.

i) Display the structure of the table student.

- ii) Display all the information from the table student.
 - iii) Add a new column Mobile Number (MOB, integer) at the end of the table Student iv) Delete the row where roll number of the student is 96.
 - v) Change the Divison of students with roll number 95 to Div B
 - vi) Update Mobile number 8652007978 of student whose rollno is 10.
- vii) Rename the table Student as Student_Info.
- Explain the following built in function in My SQL.

1)LEFT()

POW()

- 2) RIGHT() 3) MID()
- 6)LENGTH() 7) CONCAT ()

Answer any one sub question from a) and b) in My SQL

There exists a table LIBRARY containing accession number (ASNO, integer), book name(BNAME, character), author's name (AUTHOR, character) and number of pages (NUM, Integer). There exists another table BOOKS containing columns student number (SNO, integer), accession number (ASNO, integer) and date of issue (DOI, date)

5)

8

4) NOW()

Write MySQL queries for the following:

i) Display the book name, author name, student number and date of issue for LIBRARY having more than 150 pages using both the tables

ii) Display the book name, accession number and date of issue for all the books using both the tables

iii) Display book name, author name and number of pages from the table LIBRARY for those books where the number of pages is above the average number of pages.

iv) Display student number, accession number and date of issue for student number 101 from the table BOOKS

There exists a table CUSTOMER containing the following columns: customer number (CNO, integer), customer name (CNAME, character), balance due (BD, numeric)

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Q 3

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and date of transaction (DT, daic) Write MySQL statements to

B

i) Display the customer number, maximum balance due and total of balances due grouped by customer number

ii) Display the customer number, minimum balance due and number of balances due grouped by customer number

iii) Display all the rows where the balance due is more than average balance due

iv) Display all the rows where the name starts with 'R'

v) Display the customer number, balance due and date of transaction for date of transaction before 20 July 2022

Answer any one sub question from c) and d) in My SOL

There exists a table called BANK containing columns bank account number (BAN, integer), name of the depositor (DNAME), Amount deposited (ADEP) and date of deposit (DOD)

Write My SQL statements for the following:

i) Display the bank account number, name of the depositor, number of amount deposited and minimum amount deposited group account number wise

c ii) Display the bank account number, name of the depositor maximum amount deposited and total of amount deposited grouped account number wise for bank account no 123

iii) Display the bank account number, name of the depositor, and date of deposit in decending order of date of deposit

iv) Display all information of bank account numbers 3 to 7

There exists a table COMPANY containing the columns employee number (ENO, integer) employee name (ENAME, character) salary (SAL, 5, integer and 2 decimal) and income tax (ITAX, numeric)

Write MySQL queries for the following:

i) Display employee number, employer name and salary

ii) Display employee name, income tax and 2% of the Income-Tax as 'Exemption' for all the employees

iii) Display all the rows where the salary is above 2 lacs

iv) Display employee number employer name and income tax in descending order of employee number

v) Display employee number, employer name and salary of the employees whose name is Shyam

vi) Display all the rows where the employee name contains 'a'

vii) Display all the rows from this table where the income tax is between 20000 and 50000

Answer any one sub question from a) and b) in MS-EXCEL

The following data has been entered in a worksheet.

	A	B	V.C	D	Е	I I I
	PRODUCT	UNIT PRICE	QIY	TOTALA MOUNT	DISCOUNT	NETAMO UNT
2	A	6000	10			
3	B	8500	2			
4	C.	400	15			
5	D	8050	14			_
6						
7						

Page 3 of 4 B8DA6ABFD7D5C758D31F82F3F2C8DF5F

8

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- 8	RATE	5%		10			
	OFD				-		
	ISCOUNT		2.5	1.	1	3.	1 · · ·

Write the steps is obtain

Ь

R

The Total Amount, Discount Amount and Net Amount in columns D, E and F respectively.

The following data has been entered in a worksheet

A 1 Emp No		B Emp Name	C Department	D Salary
2	555	Virat	HR	24000
3	665 🗧	Sachin	ADMIN	15600
4	458	Sahil	HR	34500
5	255	Rahul	SALES	23500
6	125	Anish	HR	35900
7	488	Rupali	ADMIN .	60000

Write the steps to do the following:

I Arrange the data in alphabetical order of employee name.

2 Obtain the department wise subtotal of Salary.

Answer any one sub question from c) and d) in MS-EXCEL

Consider the following worksheet showing the cost of machinery find the depreciation using WDV (Written Down Value) Method.

5	A mto	B B	D	B	\mathbf{F}
1	Cost	500000	Vears	Depreciation	WDV
2	Dep. Rate(%)	10	.1		
3	No. of Years	5	- 2	· · ·	
4			. 3.	1	
5	1	*t-	4		
6			5		

Explain the following built-in functions in MS-EXCEL

LPMT() 5. COUNT (

12647

2. RATE() .6. SUM() 3. MOD () 4.ROUNDUP() 7. SQRT() 7

Page 4 of 4 B8DA6ABFD7D5C758D31F82F3F2C8DF5F raper / Subject Code: 23108 / Business Management Paper

A station of the state of the s

Paper / Subject Code: 23/08 / Business Management Paper - II (PLB Gr Not QD22) Time: 3 Hrs NB: 1 All questions are computionry with internet options. 2 .0.1 and Q6 carry 20 Marks sade Q2 to Q5 carry 15 Marks cach. 3 Working note from a part of the answer and have to be solved after (Destions and color the fibst page of the answer sheet. 9 (A Choose the appropriate answer from the following (Any Tea) 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.1 10.2 11.1 10.2 10. A REAL PROPERTY OF THE REAL PR

14,50,000 10,50,000 Assets 9,50,000 Investments. 10,00,000 Net Current assets 3,50,000 e total of the balance

and a second sec (a) 22,00,000 (c) 24,00,000

A CONTRACTOR OF STREET

1178)

(b) 23,00,000 (a) 25,00,000

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and the second sec A0DB82840191D775DBB84CEC54D49389

aper / Subject Code: 23108 / Business Management Paper

- Capital Gearing Ratio is
- (b) Revenue Statement ratio (a) Balance Sheet Ratio (d) Functional Ratio (c) Composite Ratio
- viii. Commercial paper is a type of
- (b) Unsecured short term debt (a) Fixed coupon bonds (d) Government bond (c) Equity share capital
- ix. Which of the following is not a spontaneous source of short term funds.
 - (a) Trade Credit (b) Acrued Expenses (d)All of the above (c) Provision for Dividend
- Commercial paper are generally issued as a prices
- (a) Equal to Face Value (c) Less than the face value
- (b). More the than face value (d): Equal to redemption-value
- Refund of income tax is Xi.
- (a) Cash Inflow from investing activities (b) Cash Inflow from financing activities (c) Cash Inflow from operating activities (d) Cash outflow from operating activities
- xii. For the purpose of cash flow statement cash (b) Include cash and saving account with bank (a) includes only cash (d) Includes Cash, saving account as well as (c) Include cash and current account with bank current account with bank
- 1 B) State whether the following statements are True or False (any Ten)
- i. The wealth of corporate owners is measured by the share price of the stock
- ii. Owned funds is an Internal source of finance.
- iii. One of the few assets that is not usually depreciated is Plant and Machinery.
- iv. Dividend can be paid out of capital but interest cannot be paid out of capital.
- Common size analysis is used for comparing performance of the company in one year with that of another year.
- another year.

11781

- vi. High stock Turnover ratio indicates high cost of Goods sold
- vii: High Proprietary ratio indicates low risk for the creditors.
- viii. In India, all types of short-term financing from banks must be secured.

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- Bill discounting is a good source of short term finance to all firms.
- x. The statement of cash flows shows the relationship of assets to cash flows.
- xi, Cash equivalent includes investments that cannot be readily converted in to cash.
- xii. Increase in current assets will always result in inflow of cash.

in the	19 6 St.	N	8 A A A	3	
2.2	Q.2 Following is the balance sheet	of Silver Ltd	as on 31 st March, 2022, Yourare		
120	required to re arrange the balance				5
3 S				State St. St.	1
S. A.	a) Proprirtor 's Funds b) Borr	owed Fund	C) Fictitious Assets	S. S	
12	d) Intangible assets e) Quich	Liabilities	f) Working capital		
	Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount	
2	Equity Share Capital	4,50,000	Goodwill	35,000	
N 53	Share Premium	45,000	Land & Buildings	2,75,000	
1	General reserves		Plant & Machinery	3,60,800	,
1	Profit and Loss	1,28,500	Furniture & Fixutres	1,28,200	
3.	12% Debentures	; 2,60,000	Long term Investment	1,75,000	
32	Bank Loan	1,50,000	Short term Investment	48,500	2
S	Bank Overdraft	49,800	Sundry Debtors	1,69,700	
A B	Creditors	68,000	Bills receivable	12,500	
in the second	Bills Payable	5,400	Closing Stock	98,000	
	Provision for tax	35,800	Prepaid Expense	27,500	
	Outstanding expenses	17,000	Cash Balance	29,300	
			Preliminary Expenses	10,500	20
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total	13,70,000	Total	13,70,000	-
·		1		2 5	
		N	OR	S	·
1. A.	Q.2 Following is the Trial Balance	of EKNATH	Ltd. as on 31st March, 2022.	S15 8	-
3	<u> </u>	<u></u>			1
S St	Debit balance	Amount	Credit baance	Amount	
5	Stocks (at cost)	5,00,000	Share Capital (Equity shares of	20,00,000	
E.	<u></u>		Rs.100 each)		

Total	13,70,000	Total	13,70,000
	10 3	en e	S. S.
2 A 2	S. 11		S
Q.2 Following is the Trial Balance		Ltd. as on 31 st March, 2022.	S15 8 8
			N
Debit balance			Amount
Stocks (at cost)	5,00,000		20,00,000
	10.05.000		Amounit 20,00,000 -70,000
Fixed Assets (Net Block)			200,000
Sundry Debtors (Unsecured &	4,00,000		3,00,000
good)	> 07 400		<u>-70,000</u> 3,00,000 <u>11,000</u> 2,70,000 1,00,000
Statr Advance			2,70,000
Cash on hand			1,00,000
Bank balance	4,94,000		1,00,000
	26.600		50,000
Share issue Expenses			1,40,000
Bills Receivable – I rade		Unclaimed Dividend	5,000
Investment (at cost)			29,46,000
lotai	29,40,000	Totai	[
		- 31 - 41 - 51 - 12	
	-		
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3.44		
	Den	2 .616	
11/81	Page	3 01 10	
* 3 1		1	
	004010107750	DD94CECCAD 40290	
AODB8	284019107750	000405034043303	
	Q.2 Following is the Trial Balance Debit balance Stocks (at cost) Fixed Assets (Net Block) Sundry Debtors (Unsecured & good) Staff-Advance Cash on hand Bank balance Share issue Expenses Bills Receivable – Trade Investment (at cost) Total	Q.2 Following is the Trial Balance of EKNATHDebit balanceAmountStocks (at cost)5,00,000Fixed Assets (Net Block)12,35,000Sundry Debtors (Unsecured & 4,00,000good)97,400Cash on hand60,000Bank balance4,94,000Share issue Expenses26,600Bills Receivable – Trade58,000Investment (at cost)75,000Total29,46,000	OR OR Q.2 Following is the Trial Balance of EKNATH Ltd. as on 31st March, 2022. Debit balance Amount Credit baance Stocks (at cost) 5,00,000 Share Capital (Equity shares of Rs.100 each) Fixed Assets (Net Block) 12,35,000 General reserves Sundry Debtors (Unsecured & 4,00,000 Loans from State-Financial Corp. Staff Advance 97,400 Provision for taxation Cash on hand 60,000 Net Profit for the year Bank balance 4,94,000 Profit and Loss A/c (Opening balance) Share issue Expenses 26,600 Short Term Loans Bills Receivable – Trade 58,000 Sundry Creditors Investment (at cost) 75,000 Total

A State of the sta

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and the second s

- Paper? Additional Information: 1. Transfer to Gener 2. Directors re-3. Out of 4. St onal Information: Transfer to General Reserve Rs. 50,000. Directors recommended 6% dividend. Out of debtors, debts due for more than six months were Rs. 52,000. Sundry Creditors included creditors for goods Rs. 1,05,000, while the remaining are for Juonal Information:
 1. Transfer to General Reserve Rs. 50,000.
 2. Directors recommended 6% dividend
 3. Out of debtors, debts due for the sundry Creditories and the sundry Cre

4. Sundry Creditors included creditors for goods Rs. 1,05,000, while the remaining are for expenses.
5. Loan from state financial corporation is secured against stock.
6. Market while of investments is Rs. 78,000 while its face value is Rs.
60,000.
2. Ignore previous year's figures and corporate dividend tax.
Prepare balance sheet as on 31st March, 2022 as per legal requirement, after considering the above adjustments.
Q.3You are furnished with the following revenue statements for the year ended 15 31st March. You are asked to prepare the Trend Analysis. Market

Q.3You are furnished with the following revenue statements for the year ended March. You are asked to prepare the Trend Analysis.

2013 D •	Margin You as show to prepare the IT		St i	S . S	S.	J.
	Particulars	2019	N 2020 🖉	2021		(a) b
N. 3	Sales S	50,00,000	60,00,000	72,00,000	286,40,000	
	Less Cost of Sales	32,00,000	38,00,000	46,00,000		
1	Gross Margin	18,00,000	22,00,000	26,00,000	30,40,000	S.
A.	Management Expenses.	3,09,000	3,50,000	4,00,000	4,50,000	
P. Barren B.	Sales Expenses	5,00,000	\$ 6,00,000	7,20,000	\$,64,000	
19 A	Interest on Borrowings	<u>_</u> 3,00,000		5,00,000	6,00,000	1.7
N 55	Total Expenses	211,00,000	13,50,000	16,20,000	19,14,000	Server Contraction
	Net Profit before Depreciation &	7,00,000	8,50,000	9,80,000	11,26,000	1
- S	Taxation		37	2		
1	Depreciation	5,00,000	4,50,000	6,00,000	6,50,000	
S S	Profit before Taxation	2,00,000	4,00,000	2,80,000	4,76,000	
The Property of the Property o	Income Tax Profit after Tax	80,000	2,00,000 2,00,000	1,85,000	2,40,000	AS IN
				1,95,000	2,30,000	- 8
2	Profit after Tax	jë -		10.10	, 1	al 1
Star 5	Roman Roman Stra	\sim OR	8 . S	0.		\$ S
N. 2	Q.3 Prenare a common size Balance sh	eer in vertica	form from the	tollowing deta	uis: 15	9
A. H.	Balance sheet of	STALS ASHALL	4-1 an mn 2151 N	6	S	A COLUMN COLUMN
And the second second	Balance sheet of	Amount Associ		Auton, 2022	Amount	A COLORING
5	Lindon and a start and a start	unome Ass	CO		Autount	

	- 5	<u>_</u>	, ye f		
Ralance s	heet of M/s	Achar I to	1 20 mm 215	March	2072

5,00,000		0,50,000
2,00,000	4,00,000 2,80,000	4,76,000
80,000	2,00,000 1,85,000	2,40,000
1,20,000	2,00,000 31,95,000	2,36,000
5	A 7 37	
	N 3	N 9 1
o shoet in vortio	al form furnitibe following dat	6,50,000 4,76,000 2,36,000 2,36,000 ails 15 Arnount 2,00,000
	A JOLE HOR TO A THE TOWOWING GED	alle 13 S
at SE Mala And Ale	144 ap 12 215 March 2022	
	nd & Building	2,00,000
	schinery 2	2,50,000
	Innuie AV	2,00,000
	vestment	90,000
1,00,000 St	ncks N S	35,000
	btors	2,00,000 2,50,000 90,000 33,000 50,000
Ca Ca	sh A	40,000
Bi	lls receivable	30,000
		5,000
		9,60,000
	Q & X.	
5.3		15
Turnover Ratio	c) Liquidity Ratio	
Profit Ratio	f) Net profit Ratio	
	2,00,000 80,000 1,20,000 ol ce sheet in vertice et of M/s Asthok Amount As 2,50,000 La 1,50,000 Mi 2,00,000 Fu 1,50,000 In 1,00,000 Sta 50,000 De Ca Bi 9,00,000 To	2,00,000 4,00,000 2,80,000 80,000 2,00,000 3/85,000 1,20,000 2,00,000 1,95,000 I,20,000 2,00,000 1,95,000 OR ce sheet in vertical form from the following det eet of M/s Ashok Ltd as on 31st March, 2022 Amount Assets 2,50,000 Land & Building 1,50,000 Machinery 2,00,000 Furniture 3,50,000 Investmept 1,00,000 Stocks 50,000 Debtors Cash Bills receivable Preliminary Expenses 9,00,000 Total C) Liquidity Ratio

340 1005

. م^ردر a) Current ratio b) Stock Turnover Ratio c) Liquidity Ratio 11781 d) Debt Equity Ratio e) Gross Profit Ratio f) Net profit Ratio

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Paper / Subject Code: 23108 / Business Management Paper - II

Balance sheet as at 31" March 2022

	Paper / Subject Cod	e: 23108 / Bi	usiness Management Paper - II	a st st
18 Caller	in the second	alance sheet a		Stand and a stand of the stand
19	Liabilities	Amount	Assets	Amount
2	Bills Payable	25,000	Fixed Assets	1,25,000
12	Sundry Creditors	50,000	Sundry Debtors	50,000
× 3	Debentures	1,00,000	Bank Balance	25,0004
¥	Reserves	50,000	Inventory St	1,25000
A.	Equity Share Capital	50,000	Y 5	5 6
c'e	Preference Share Capital	50,000	8 8	.2 .
instante,	Total	3,25,000	Total	3,25,000
6 10g			r the year ended 31st March, 2022	
.0.	Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount

es.	Preference Share Capital	50,000	S	2 9
6	Total C	3,25,000	Total	3,25,000
Apple 1	Profit and Eos	N.	r the year ended 31 st March, 2022	Amount 5,09,000 1;25,000
.0.	Particulars	Amount	Particulars	Amount
	To Opening inventories	75,000	By Sales	5,09,000
d	To Purchases	1,50,000	By Closing Inventories	1,25,000
.4.7 N	To Manufacturing Expenses	50,000	By Profit on sale of shares,	25,000
× .	To Direct wages 🚫	1,00,000		<u>5 25,000</u>
0	To Administrative Expenses	25,000	N A St 1	S 8
	To Selling Expenses	25,000	A 48 48	2 3
3	To Loss on Sale of assets	27,500		1 4 ×
÷.	To Interest on Debentures	5,000		1 4 S
	To Net Profit	1,92,500	5 8 6	5 4 1
5	Total	6,50,000	Total	6,50,000
10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-1	Q.4 Following is the balance sheet	of V Itd as or	OR	6,50,000
i o'	supplementary information for the			5 ° 5
S.	supplementary information are	year ended e		3 .
	You are required to compute the fol	llowing ratio	S 8 8	S 8.
	a) Current Ratio b) Liquid	Ratio	c) Proprietary Ratio	5
		s turnoyer rat	io	11 22
HE WELL			sion 31st March, 2022	and the second s
0	Liabilities	Amount	Assets 🔬 🔗	Amount S
0	Paid-up share capital	2,00,000	Goodwill	30,000

10.20	Q.4 Following is the balance sheet supplementary information for the You are required to compute the fo a) Current Ratio b) Liquid d) Stock Turnover ratio e) Debtor	Stop 100	OR a 31 st March, 2022 together with on that date. s. c) Proprietary Ratio io s:on 31 st March, 2022 <u>Assets</u> <u>Goedwill</u> <u>Building</u> Plant and Machinery	<u>Amount</u> 30,0005
5	O.4 Following is the balance sheet	of X ltd as or	31 st March, 2022 together with	15 30
0	supplementary information for the	e year ended	on that date.	8 9 8
12	A Star	1997 - N	8 A A A	S
·	You are required to compute the fo	llowing ratio	s. 🦿 🖉	19 di
5	a) Current Ratio b) Liquid	l Ratio 🎊 🕯	c) Proprietary Ratio	8 6 5
· · ·	d) Stock Turnover ratio e) Debtor	s turnoyer rat	io 🖉 👌	10 20
2	a de la d		C	1 3 A
2	Ba S Ba	lance Sheet a	s on 31" March, 2022	S. 50
et.	You are required to compute the fo a) Current Ratio b) Liquid d) Stock Turnover ratio e) Debtor Ba Liabilities Paid-up share capital Reserves		A nonotion	Amount St
C.	Paid un share canital	2.00.000	Goodwill	Arnount 30,000s 1,20,000 29,000 66,000 85,000
A. A	Reserves	2,00,000	Bijilding 2	1 20 000
2	Profit and Loss A/c Bank Overdraft	\$ 12,250	Building C Plant and Machinery	29,000
	Bank Overdraft	11,250	Stock	66,000
S	Sundry Creditor	36,000	Debtors	85,000
Ser 1	Provision for taxation	20,000		
		2.50 000	Stock	3 30 000
ST	8 8 8	55°	1 S N 1	1
S.	Total Contraction of the second	3,30,000		<u></u>
152	8 5 8 3	2 S	2° 2° 2°	3
9	8 8 4 5		All and a second	
1		150	N 8 8	2
	AT AT			
	8 8 x	·		
ai.	11781	Page	5 of 16	
*	ళ చి చి జి	1	S 5 8	
-	S & S	17	A. A.	
22	11781 Aodba	2840191D775D	5 of 16 BB84CEC54D49389	
	ne e n		BB84CEC54D49389	

Balance	M1 .		A 1 61		0000
Halance	Sheet	36.On	1 1 84	N/larch	THILE
Dalarce	DIRCCL	au ou	21	IVIOLUI,	2022

Additional information

Welling and a second

Particulars	jə.	6	S	2	0	Amount
Sales for the year	1. 5	1 247	<u> </u>	1.1		8,40,000
Stock on 31st March,	.2021	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -		33	1.50	60,000
Gross profit	· · ·	. S .		10 m	2.5 A.C.	21,000
	124	No.	1	·		
Q.5 From the followin	g summary ba	lance sheet	of Zebra ltd. H	repare a c	ash flow sta	atement 15 a
Q.5 From the followin AS3 for the year ende	d 31 st March,	2022 by ind	irect method.		S.	Ĩ
	<u> </u>				5	1
Liabilities	2021	2022	Assets	18.	2021	
					the second se	2022.
	2,00,000	2,50,000	Eixed Assets		3,02,500	2022
Equity Share Capital 10% Preference Share			Fixed Assets Debtors	1	the second se	

Gross profit Q.5 From the following summary balance sheet of Zebra ltd. Prepare a cash flow statement 15 as per AS3 for the year ended 31st March, 2022 by indirect method.

Liabilities	2021	2022	Assets	2021	2022.
	2,00,000	2,50,000	Fixed Assets	3,02,500	2,85,000
Equity Share Capital 10% Preference Share Capital	1,00,000	N	Debtors	60,000	70,000
Capital	S	5	A.	N.	2
5% Debentures	~	50,000	Stock	1,00,000	90,000
Capital Redemption?	() a -	50,000	Bank S	\$45,000	30,000
Reserve		1	<u>A</u>	2 1	
Profit & Loss A/c	F;25,000	30,000		30,000	20,000
	S	1 S	expenditure		
Greditors	75,000	70,000	S 10	Ň	· Jui
Bills Payable	37,500	45,000	1. S. C.	- AL	J. Y
Total S	5,37,500	4,95,000	Total	5,37,500	4,95,000
Additional Information		- staff			-S-

- 17 Preference shares were redeemed at 10% premium on 1-10-2021 with half yearly dividend
- 2. Fixed assets were purchased for 97,500/- on 01-01-2022.
- 3. Interim dividend of Rs. 20,000 /- on equity shares was paid.
- Interim dividend of Rs. 20,000 /- on equity shares was paid. Fixed Assets having original cost of Rs. 1,00,000 on which accumulated depreciation was Rs. 30,000/- was sold on 31st December, 2021 at Rs. 40,000/-OR All and a second 30,000/- was sold on 31st December, 2022 OR Prepare cash flow statement from the following summary balance sheet of Ritesh Ltd.

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S	A S G	22	14	14 5	S .	5 8. 3
ୁଙ୍କ ବୁଣ	Q.5 Prepare cash flow stat	ement from	the follow	ing summary balance she	et of Ritesh	Ltd. 15
- 18	AT AN	£	Sec. 1	St pr de		Star Star
	Q.5 Prepare cash flow stat	🖓 👘 Bal	ance Shee	t as on 31 st March 🛒 –		Ltd. 15
7	<u>8</u> 8		×			<u> </u>
		2022	2021	Assets	2022	2021
	Creditors	25,000	32,000	Cash 💦	2,000	1
60.00 60.00	Reserves	23,000	<u>4</u> 7,000	Debtors 🔆	45,000	60,000
	Debentures	60,000	50,000	Stocks	45,000	55,000
13 m	Outstanding expenses <	6,000	6,000	Prepaid Expenses	4,000	60,000 55,000 3,000
5	Share Capital	1,33,000	1,14,000	Investments 5	27,000	20,000
	Bank Overdraft	-	12,000	Staff Loan	4,000	3,000
C. C			3	Fixed Assets	1,20,000	1,20,000
	Total	2,47,000	2,61,000.	Total	2,47,000	2,61,000

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Paper / Subject Code: 23102 / Business Management Paper - I

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IOV 2022

Time: 3 hours

Marks: 100

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Note: 1. All questions are compulsory 2. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

SEM-1

Q.1 (A) Fill in the Blanks with appropriate words and rewrite the same. (Any 10) 10 marks

1. The lower level management requires _______ skill more than other skills. (Technical, Human, Legal, Conceptual)

is a systematized body of knowledge that is universally accepted. (Art, Science, Profession, Planning)

_____ is known as the Father of Modern Management. (Henry Fayol, F.W. Taylor, Robert Kahn, W.G. Scott)

Plans are meant for repeated use. (Forecast, Decision, Single use, Standing)

In ______ both superior and subordinate collectively formulate the plans. (Decision Making, Management by Objectives, Span of Control, Delegation of Authority)

_____ is a process of identifying and selecting a course of action to solve a specific problem. (Directing, Communicating, Decision Making, Leading)

- 7. In ______ organization people are consciously coordinated towards achieving a common goal. (Informal, Formal, Traditional, Department)
- . _____ is a number of subordinates who can be supervised and managed effectively. (Delegation of authority, Departmentation, Leadership, Span of control)
- 9. Unity of _____ implies one subordinate should receive instructions from one superior. _____ (Direction, Objective, Command, Control)
- 10. _____ is concerned with the measurement of the cost and value of people in the organization. (HRP, HRA, Job Analysis, Motivation)
- 12. _____ is the first step in the selection process. (Job analysis, Recruitment, Staffing, Advertising)

Sec.

Q. 1(B) State whether the following statements are True or False. (Any 10)

- 1. Management is a social science.
- 2. Theory Y assumes that the people are self-motivated and seek responsibilities.
- 3. Contingency approach is also known as situational approach.
- 4. Objectives are single use plans
- 5. Corporate planning is related with a specific department planning.
- 6. Planning is secondary function of management.
- 7. Matrix organization structure is also known as hybrid structure.
- 8. In delegation of authority, superior transfers both authority and responsibility to his subordinate.

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- 9. Virtual organization is temporary in nature.
- 10. Job description includes minimum qualities required from the candidate.
- 11. Campus recruitment is an internal source of management.
- 12. Refresher training includes the introduction of a person to the job and to the organization Y.)

N

Q.2 A.nswer any two of the following

S.

- a) Define management. Discuss different managerial skills.
- b) Describe the administrative approach of management.
- c) Discuss different functions of management.

Q.3 Answer any two of the following

- a) State and explain the meaning and merits of planning.
- b) Briefly explain the components of planning.
- c) Describe the steps in the decision-making process 1

Q.4 Answer any two of the following

S.

- a) Define Organizing. Discuss its principles.
- b) Explain the bases of departmentation.
- c) Describe the barriers in the delegation of authority.

N

Q.5 Answer any two of the following

- a) Discuss the merits and demerits of Human Resource Accounting (HRA)
- b) State and explain the different methods of training.
- c) Describe techniques of performance appraisal.

Q.6 Write Short Notes on :(Any four)

- a) Management as an art 🖑
- b) Characteristics of Planning
- c) Advantages of Strategic Business Unit
- vd) Features of Matrix Organisation
- e) Internal Sources of recruitment

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f) Importance of job analysis

(15 marks) Sec.

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